

THERMAL CYCLING CONDITION

STEPS	TEMP (°C)	TIME	QUANTITATION	CYCLE
Reverse transcriptase	45	20 min	Off	1
	95	2 min	Off	1
PCR and Quantitation	95	15 sec	Off	45
	58	30 sec	On	

Table 4:- Thermal Cycling Condition

STANDARD CURVE CONTROL PARAMETER

Control Parameters	Valid Value
Slope	-3.00 / 3.74
PCR Efficiency	85% / 115%
R square (R²)	0.95-1

Table 5:- Curve Control Parameter

SAMPLE TYPE

- HCV Quantitative RT-PCR Detection Kit developed by NeoDx Biotech Labs Pvt Ltd is a robust and convenient molecular diagnostic device for the Quantitation of HCV RNA in extracts from human plasma, serum and whole blood.
- The kit can be used for Quantitation of HCV viral RNA if coupled with either NucleoDX RT RNA or any other reference RNA extraction kits approved by CE-IVD, EU or FDA. If using any RNA extraction kit, elute the RNA in 30-40 µL of elution buffer for accurate results.
- Always use freshly extracted patient RNA or the RNA samples stored following proper guidelines, to get the optimal results.

RESULT VALIDATION

HCV genes and Beta-actin	HCV Assay result
HCV RNA > 85 IU/mL	The result is within the acceptance range. The detection probability if HCV RNA is >95%. The Positive test result is statistically ensured.
HCV RNA < 85 IU/mL	The result is outside the acceptance range. The reproducibility of the positive result is not assured.
No amplification for HCV Target	No HCV RNA was detected.

Table 6:- Result Validation

DATA ANALYSIS

- After completion of the run, analyze the data as per the RT-PCR manufacturer instructions.
- Analysis should be performed separately for each target using a manual threshold settings.
- In case internal control has not worked for a sample re-do the test with 2 or more dilutions.
- Negative results do not exclude infection and should not be used as the sole basis for the treatment.
- The quantitation standards are defined as IU/µL. The following equation has to be applied to convert the values determined using the standard curve into IU/ mL of sample material.

$$\text{Result (IU/mL)} = \frac{\text{Elution Volume (µL)} \times \text{Result (IU/µL)}}{\text{Sample Volume (mL)}}$$

Sample Volume is the volume of sample used for RNA extraction.

QUANTITATIVE STANDARD IN IU/µL

Standards	International Units (IU/µL)
Quantitation Standard 1 (QS 1)	10000
Quantitation Standard 2 (QS 2)	1000
Quantitation Standard 3 (QS 3)	100
Quantitation Standard 4 (QS 4)	10
Quantitation Standard 5 (QS 5)	1

Table 7:- Quantitative Standards

WARNING

Positive control showed no amplification

Inappropriate storage of reagents

- Store the reagents at recommended temperature for their optimal performance.
- Avoid repetitive freezing and thawing.
- Check the expiry of reagents.

Negative controls are positive

Causes - Cross-Contamination

- Follow good laboratory practices to avoid contamination issues.
- Use a new batch of reagents and repeat the experiment.

Abnormal plot and/or low ΔRn values in amplification curve

The baseline was set improperly (some samples have CT values lower than the baseline value)

- Switch from manual to automatic baseline, or move the baseline stop value to a lower CT (2 cycles before the amplification curve for the sample crosses the threshold).

An amplification signal is detected in the early cycles

Dilute the sample to increase the CT value.

REFERENCES

- Li HC, Lo SY. Hepatitis C virus: Virology, diagnosis and treatment. World J Hepatol. 2015 Jun 8;7(10):1377-89. doi: 10.4254/wjh.v7.i10.1377. PMID: 26052383; PMCID: PMC4450201.